

$$2y(x) \left(y'(x) + 2 \right) - x \left(y'(x) \right)^2 = 0$$

$$y(x) = \frac{(c_1 - x)^2}{c_1}$$

$$y'(x) = \frac{-2(c_1 - x)}{c_1}$$

$$2 \left[\frac{(c_1 - x)^2}{c_1} \right] \left(\left[\frac{-2(c_1 - x)}{c_1} \right] + 2 \right) - x \left(\frac{-2(c_1 - x)}{c_1} \right)^2 = 0$$

$$-4 \left(\frac{(c_1 - x)^3}{c_1^2} \right) + 4 \left(\frac{(c_1 - x)^2}{c_1} \right) - \frac{4x(c_1 - x)^2}{c_1^2} = 0$$

$$0 \equiv 0$$

CONDICIONES INICIALES

$$y(0) = 0$$

$$y'(0) = 0$$

$$y''(0) = P$$

$$y'''(0) = -M$$

$$\frac{d^4 y}{dx^4} = 0$$

$$S_f = y(x) = f(x)$$

CONDICIONES
FRONTERA.

$$y(0) = 0$$


$$y''(0) = \frac{P}{2}$$

$$y(e) = 0$$

$$y''(e) = \frac{P}{2}$$

Ecuación Diferencial Ordinaria Primer Orden No Lineal

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = F(x, y) \quad F \Rightarrow \text{No es Lineal para "y"}$$



$$\frac{dy}{dx} = -\frac{M(x, y)}{N(x, y)}$$

$$N(x, y) \frac{dy}{dx} = -M(x, y)$$

$$M(x, y) + N(x, y) \frac{dy}{dx} = 0$$



$$M(x, y) dx + N(x, y) dy = 0$$

$$M(x, y) + N(x, y) \frac{dy}{dx} = 0$$

$$M(x, y) = P(x) \cdot Q(y)$$

$$N(x, y) = R(x) \cdot S(y)$$

$$\frac{P(x) \cdot Q(y) + R(x) \cdot S(y) \frac{dy}{dx}}{Q(y) \cdot R(x)} = 0$$

$$\frac{P(x)}{R(x)} + \frac{S(y)}{Q(y)} \frac{dy}{dx} = 0$$

$$\frac{P(x)}{R(x)} dx + \frac{S(y)}{Q(y)} dy = 0$$

$$\left[\int \frac{P(x)}{R(x)} dx + C_1 \right] + \left[\int \frac{S(y)}{Q(y)} dy + C_2 \right] = 0$$

$$\int \frac{P(x)}{R(x)} dx + \int \frac{S(y)}{Q(y)} dy = [-C_1 - C_2]$$

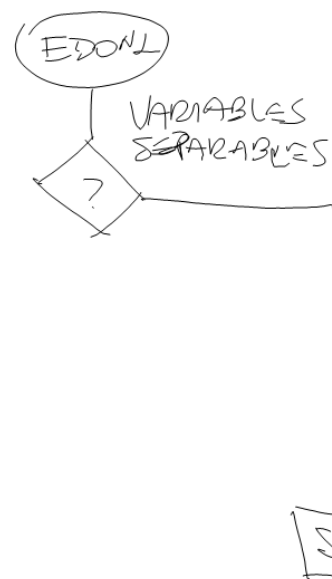
SG.

$$\int \frac{P(x)}{R(x)} dx + \int \frac{S(y)}{Q(y)} dy = C_{10}$$

EDO(1) NL



$$M(x, y) + N(x, y) \frac{dy}{dx} = 0$$



$$(1+e^x)y \cdot y' = e^x$$

$$-e^x + (1+e^x)y \cdot y' = 0$$

$$M(x,y) = -e^x \quad P(x)Q(y) = e^x(-1)$$

$$N(x,y) = (1+e^x)y \quad R(x)S(y) = (1+e^x)y$$

$$P(x) = e^x \quad Q(y) = -1$$

$$R(x) = (1+e^x) \quad S(y) = y$$

$$\int \frac{e^x dx}{(1+e^x)} + \int \frac{y dy}{-1} = C_1 \quad (S_6)$$

$$u = (1+e^x) \quad du = e^x dx$$

$$\int \frac{du}{u} - \int y dy = C_1$$

$$\ln u - \frac{y^2}{2} = C_1$$

$$\ln(1+e^x) = \frac{y^2}{2} + C_1$$

$$(1+e^x) = e^{\left(\frac{y^2}{2} + C_1\right)}$$

$$(1+e^x) = e^{C_1} \cdot e^{\frac{y^2}{2}}$$

$$(1+e^x) = C_0 e^{\frac{y^2}{2}} \quad (S_7)$$